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**INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT WITH CONTEXT SENSITIVE
DATABASE CONNECTIVITY ASSISTANCE**

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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1. Technical Field:

The present invention relates to software development and, in particular, to Java database connectivity. Still more particularly, the present invention provides a method, apparatus, and program for providing Java database connectivity assistance in an integrated development environment.

2. Description of Related Art:

15 Java is an object-oriented programming language designed to generate applications that can run on all hardware platforms, small, medium and large, without modification. Java was modeled after C++, and Java programs can be called from within hypertext markup language (HTML) documents or launched stand alone. When a Java program called from a Web page runs on a user's machine, it is called a "Java applet." When a Java program is run on a Web server, it is called a "servlet." When a Java program runs as a stand-alone, non Web-based program on a user's machine, it is simply a "Java application."

 An integrated development environment (IDE) is a set of programs run from a single user interface for software development. For example, programming languages often include a text editor, a compiler, and a debugger, which

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are all activated and function from a common menu.

However, when coding Java database connectivity in Java IDEs, such as VisualAge for Java from IBM Corporation, the user frequently incorporates database related

5 statements. Database related statements may include, for example, structured query language (SQL) statements.

These statements usually require knowledge of the data model involved and the tables being affected.

Currently, integrated development environments do
10 assist the coder in his/her efforts. However, the programmer typically would need to open more application windows in order to find out the exact definitions of the tables and columns in the databases being used. That is, the programmer has to open the control centers for the
15 database management systems, open the databases, open the tables, and then open the schema to see the column definition for each column being referenced in a statement.

Therefore, it would be advantageous to provide an
20 improved code assist feature that takes into account that a programmer might be interacting with a database.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a database connectivity assistance tool in an integrated development environment. The user provides database information for each connection to be used in a project. The database information may include schema name, database name, username, password, port number, etc. When a user is coding a database related statement, such as a structured query language statement, the user may access the database connectivity assistance tool. If there is a plurality of databases being used, the database connectivity assistance tool may determine whether a table name is specified unambiguously. If the table exists in more than one of the pre-specified database connections, then the assistance tool prompts the user to specify to which database the statement is referring. Once the database and table are identified, the user may choose from a list of available column names to complete a database related statement. Metadata may also be provided to the user for the type of column. The user may also set values and conditions for columns in database related statements.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The novel features believed characteristic of the invention are set forth in the appended claims. The invention itself, however, as well as a preferred mode of use, further objectives and advantages thereof, will best be understood by reference to the following detailed description of an illustrative embodiment when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

10 **Figure 1** depicts a pictorial representation of a network of data processing systems in which the present invention may be implemented;

15 **Figure 2** is a block diagram illustrating a data processing system in which the present invention may be implemented;

Figure 3 depicts an example integrated development environment in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

20 **Figures 4A-4M** are example screens of display for an integrated development environment in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

25 **Figure 5** is a flowchart illustrating the operation of an integrated development environment with a context sensitive database assistance tool in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention; and

Figure 6 is a flowchart illustrating the operation of a database information update mechanism in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

With reference now to the figures, **Figure 1** depicts a pictorial representation of a network of data processing systems in which the present invention may be implemented. Network data processing system **100** is a network of computers in which the present invention may be implemented. Network data processing system **100** contains a network **102**, which is the medium used to provide communications links between various devices and computers connected together within network data processing system **100**. Network **102** may include connections, such as wire, wireless communication links, or fiber optic cables.

In the depicted example, server **104** is connected to network **102** along with storage unit **106**. In addition, clients **108**, **110**, and **112** are connected to network **102**. These clients **108**, **110**, and **112** may be, for example, personal computers or network computers. In the depicted example, server **104** provides data, such as boot files, operating system images, and applications to clients **108-112**. Clients **108**, **110**, and **112** are clients to server **104**. Network data processing system **100** may include additional servers, clients, and other devices not shown.

A programmer may code an application that accesses one or more databases. The programmer may code the application using a client, such as one of clients **108**, **110**, and **112**. The application may be coded using an integrated development environment (IDE). The database may be stored, for example, in storage unit **106**. In another example, the application may access a database in

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storage unit **116** through server **104** or to a local database in storage **126**.

When coding Java database connectivity, in Java IDEs, such as VisualAge for Java from IBM Corporation,
5 the user frequently incorporates database related statements, such as structured query language (SQL) statements. These statements usually require knowledge of the data model involved and the tables being affected.

In accordance with a preferred embodiment of the
10 present invention, an integrated development environment includes a database connectivity assistance tool. The user provides database information for each connection to be used in a project. The database information may include schema name, database name, username, password,
15 port number, etc. This IDE is included in the client, such as client **108**. The connections may include connections to databases in one or more of storage **106**, storage **116**, and storage **126**.

When a user is coding a database related statement,
20 such as a structured query language (SQL) statement, the user may highlight the statement and access the database connectivity assistance tool for context sensitive assistance. If there is a plurality of databases being used, the database connectivity assistance tool
25 determines whether the table is specified ambiguously. If the table exists in more than one of the pre-specified database connections, then the assistance tool prompts the user to specify to which database the statement is referring. If the database and table are unambiguous,
30 the assistance tool may provide column selection, value

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set, and/or search condition user interfaces. Other context sensitive assistance may also be provided to guide the user in completing a database related statement.

5 In the depicted example, network data processing system **100** is the Internet with network **102** representing a worldwide collection of networks and gateways that use the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) suite of protocols to communicate with one another. At
10 the heart of the Internet is a backbone of high-speed data communication lines between major nodes or host computers, consisting of thousands of commercial, government, educational and other computer systems that route data and messages. Of course, network data processing system **100**
15 also may be implemented as a number of different types of networks, such as for example, an intranet, a local area network (LAN), or a wide area network (WAN). **Figure 1** is intended as an example, and not as an architectural limitation for the present invention.

20 With reference now to **Figure 2**, a block diagram illustrating a data processing system is depicted in which the present invention may be implemented. Data processing system **200** is an example of a client computer. Data processing system **200** employs a peripheral component
25 interconnect (PCI) local bus architecture. Although the depicted example employs a PCI bus, other bus architectures such as Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) and Industry Standard Architecture (ISA) may be used. Processor **202** and main memory **204** are connected to PCI
30 local bus **206** through PCI bridge **208**. PCI bridge **208** also

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may include an integrated memory controller and cache memory for processor **202**. Additional connections to PCI local bus **206** may be made through direct component interconnection or through add-in boards.

5 In the depicted example, local area network (LAN) adapter **210**, SCSI host bus adapter **212**, and expansion bus interface **214** are connected to PCI local bus **206** by direct component connection. In contrast, audio adapter **216**, graphics adapter **218**, and audio/video adapter **219** are
10 connected to PCI local bus **206** by add-in boards inserted into expansion slots. Expansion bus interface **214** provides a connection for a keyboard and mouse adapter **220**, modem **222**, and additional memory **224**. Small computer system interface (SCSI) host bus adapter **212** provides a
15 connection for hard disk drive **226**, tape drive **228**, and CD-ROM drive **230**. Typical PCI local bus implementations will support three or four PCI expansion slots or add-in connectors.

 An operating system runs on processor **202** and is used
20 to coordinate and provide control of various components within data processing system **200** in **Figure 2**. The operating system may be a commercially available operating system, such as Windows XP, which is available from Microsoft Corporation. An object oriented programming
25 system such as Java may run in conjunction with the operating system and provide calls to the operating system from Java programs or applications executing on data processing system **200**. "Java" is a trademark of Sun Microsystems, Inc. Instructions for the operating system,
30 the object-oriented programming system, and applications

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or programs are located on storage devices, such as hard disk drive **226**, and may be loaded into main memory **204** for execution by processor **202**.

Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate
5 that the hardware in **Figure 2** may vary depending on the implementation. Other internal hardware or peripheral devices, such as flash read-only memory (ROM), equivalent nonvolatile memory, or optical disk drives and the like, may be used in addition to or in place of the hardware
10 depicted in **Figure 2**. Also, the processes of the present invention may be applied to a multiprocessor data processing system.

As another example, data processing system **200** may be a stand-alone system configured to be bootable without
15 relying on some type of network communication interfaces. As a further example, data processing system **200** may be a personal digital assistant (PDA) device, which is configured with ROM and/or flash ROM in order to provide non-volatile memory for storing operating system files
20 and/or user-generated data.

The depicted example in **Figure 2** and above-described examples are not meant to imply architectural limitations. For example, data processing system **200**
also may be a notebook computer or hand held computer in
25 addition to taking the form of a PDA. Data processing system **200** also may be a kiosk or a Web appliance.

Figure 3 depicts an example integrated development environment in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. Integrated development
30 environment (IDE) **300** includes a set of tools or programs

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run from a single interface. In the depicted example, the interface is graphical user interface (GUI) **310**; however, the interface may be a non-graphical interface, such as a command line interface.

5 In the example, shown in **Figure 3**, the set of tools includes text editor **302**, compiler **304**, build utility **306**, and debugger **308**; however, more or fewer tools may be included within the scope of the present invention. For example, IDE **300** may include two or more compilers.
10 Alternatively, IDE **300** may not include a build utility.

 In accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the IDE includes database assistance tool **350**. The user provides database information and metadata **352** for each connection to be used in a project.
15 The database information may include schema name, database name, username, password, port number, etc. The database assistance tool may connect to each connection and retrieve the data model information and store this information locally at **352**.

20 A database data model may change. For example, a table or column may be added to a particular database. In accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the database data model is retrieved from the database itself, based on the connectivity information
25 provided by the user. Thus, the IDE may update the local database data model information from the actual connection periodically or whenever a connection is possible. For example, a developer may update database data model information for a plurality of connections in
30 a project and use the IDE on an airplane or some other

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location where a connection to the database is not possible or practical.

When a user is coding a database related statement, such as a structured query language statement, the user
5 may highlight a database related statement and access database connectivity assistance tool **350**. If there is a plurality of databases being used, the database connectivity assistance tool determines whether the table is specified ambiguously. If the table exists in more
10 than one of the pre-specified database connections, then the assistance tool prompts the user through GUI **310** to specify to which database the statement is referring. Once the database and table are identified, the database assistance tool may provide a list of available column
15 names through the GUI. The user may then navigate the database assistance tool interfaces to populate the database related statement until the statement is complete.

Next, with respect to **Figures 4A-4K**, example screens
20 of display for an integrated development environment are shown in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. More particularly, **Figure 4A** illustrates IDE window **400**, which includes menu bar **402**. Menus to be selected from menu bar **402** may include
25 "File," "Edit," "View," "Project," "Build," "Debug," "Settings," "Tools," "Window," and "Help." However, menu bar **402** may include fewer or more menus, as understood by a person of ordinary skill in the art. Alternatively, IDE window **400** may include no menu bar depending upon the
30 implementation.

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The IDE window also includes project display area **404** in which project code is entered. The IDE window may also include build display area **406** and output display area **408**. The build display area may display, for
5 example, a build script or build log. The output display area may display other output messages for the project.

In the depicted example, project display area **404** includes example code in which an entire SQL statement is entered. The SQL statement is as follows:

10 sql1 = "SELECT EMPNO, FIRSTNME FROM MYEMPTABLE";

The developer must hard code the column names in the query, which means the developer must know the column names first.

With reference to **Figure 4B**, the IDE window is shown
15 without hard coding the entire SQL statement. The developer begins SQL statement **410** as follows:

 sql1 = "SELECT from MYEMPTABLE"

The developer may then activate the context sensitive database assistance tool, such as by right clicking the
20 SQL statement, choosing the assist tool from a menu, depressing a function key or keyboard shortcut, or the like.

Figure 4C illustrates the IDE window with a right-click menu **412**, which may result from right clicking on
25 the SQL statement. In this example, the right-click menu includes only one item, "SQL Assist." However, the right-click menu may include more items for assisting the user with an SQL statement or other code.

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Next, with reference to **Figure 4D**, database assistance interface window **420** is shown in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. Interface window **420** presents a column selection interface including column selection checkboxes **422** for the "select" statement shown in **Figure 4C**. Using interface window **420**, the user may select columns to select from the table MYEMPTABLE specified in the highlighted statement. For example, in **Figure 4D** the columns "EMPNO" and "FIRSTNME" are selected. In the example shown in **Figure 4D**, the resulting statement would be as follows:

```
sql1 = "SELECT EMPNO, FIRSTNME FROM MYEMPTABLE"
```

Turning to **Figure 4E**, the IDE window is shown with an example "insert" SQL statement. The developer begins SQL statement **430** as follows:

```
sql2 = "INSERT INTO MYEMPTABLE"
```

The developer may then activate the context sensitive database assistance tool.

Figure 4F illustrates database assistance interface window **432**, which presents a record insertion interface. Interface window **432** presents the existing columns and, using interface window **432**, the user may enter values for a record to be inserted into the database. For example, in **Figure 4F** a value for the column "EMPNO" is being entered. Data values for the record entered into the insertion interface are then added to the "insert" statement. Thus, the database assistance interface

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allows the user to populate a statement using context sensitive assistance.

The database assistance tool may also alert the user when errors are made or when an entered value does not
5 comply with the metadata for the column. For example, in **Figure 4G**, the user fails to enter a value for the column "EMPNO," which is not nullable, meaning the column must have a value assigned. The database assistance tool presents a context sensitive warning **434** to alert the
10 user of the error. The database assistance tool may alert the user to other errors or violations, such as syntax errors, values with improper length or data type, and the like.

Turning now to **Figure 4H**, the column "WORKDEPT" **436**
15 has a default value of "Sales." The database assistance tool may automatically populate fields with their default values. Alternatively, the database assistance tool may include a control, such as button **438**, for each column with a default value. The database assistance tool may
20 then populate the field with the default value responsive to the user selecting button **438**.

Next, with reference to **Figure 4I**, the IDE window is shown with an example "update" SQL statement. The developer begins SQL statement **440** as follows:

25 sql3 = "UPDATE MYEMPTABLE WHERE"

The developer may then activate the context sensitive database assistance tool.

Figure 4J illustrates database assistance interface window **442**, which presents a column set value interface.

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Interface window **442** presents the existing columns and, using interface window **442**, the user may select columns using selection checkboxes **444** and set values for the selected columns in the "Value" field. For example, in **Figure 4H**, the column "WORKDEPT" is selected and the user may enter a value, such as "sales," into the value field to set a value for WORKDEPT in the "update" statement.

Next, **Figure 4K** illustrates database assistance interface window **446**, which presents a search condition interface. Interface window **446** presents the existing columns and, using interface window **446**, the user may select columns using selection checkboxes **448** and set search condition values for the selected columns in the "Value" field. For example, in **Figure 4I** the column "EMPNO" is selected and the user may enter a value, such as "0001," into the value field to set a search condition value for WORKDEPT in the "update" statement.

The result of the examples shown in **Figures 4J** and **4K** would be the following statement:

```
20      sql3 = "UPDATE MYEMPTABLE SET WORKDEPT='sales' WHERE  
                EMPNO='0001'"
```

Thus, the developer may fully populate a database related statement using the context sensitive database assistance tool without having to know the database, table name, column name, etc.

The column set value interface and the search condition interface also include meta data for the columns to assist the user. For example, the user may enter information into the value field based upon the

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data type, length, precision, scale, nullable, and default fields shown in the interface window.

With reference to **Figure 4L**, the IDE window is shown with an example "delete" SQL statement. The developer
5 begins SQL statement **450** as follows:

```
sql4 = "DELETE FROM MY WHERE"
```

The developer may then activate the context sensitive database assistance tool. In this example, the table "MY" may be ambiguous.

10 **Figure 4M** illustrates database assistance interface window **452**, which presents a table selection interface. Interface window **452** presents tables that satisfy the database term "MY" in the database related statement. Using interface window **452**, the user may select a table
15 using selection checkboxes **454**.

In the example shown in **Figure 4K**, the tables matching the term "MY" exist in multiple databases and may have different schemas. Thus, interface window **452** allows the user to disambiguate the table and the
20 database with a single selection. In the example shown in **Figure 4M**, table "schema1.MYEMPTABLE" exists in database "data1." The table "schema2.MYEMPTABLE" exists in database "data2". And both "schema2.MYCLIENTABLE" and "schema3.MYAUXTABLE" exist in the database "data3."

25 In this example, the table name "MYEMPTABLE" exists in two different databases and in two different schemas. Therefore, the database assistance interface allows multiple levels of disambiguation. Alternatively, the database assistance tool may present separate database

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selection and table selection interfaces within the scope of the present invention. Furthermore, the tables that fit the table specified in the statement may not exist in separate databases, in which case the interface window
5 may only present the table names for selection.

With reference to **Figure 5**, a flowchart is shown illustrating the operation of an integrated development environment with a context sensitive database assistance tool in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the
10 present invention. The process begins and a determination is made as to whether an exit condition exists (step **502**). An exit condition may exist, for example, when the user closes the IDE. If an exit condition exists, the process ends.

15 If an exit condition does not exist in step **502**, a determination is made as to whether a statement is selected (step **504**). If a statement is not selected, the process returns to step **502** to determine whether an exit condition exists. If a statement is selected in step
20 **504**, a determination is made as to whether the selected statement is complete (step **506**). If the statement is complete, the process returns to step **502** to determine whether an exit condition exists.

If the statement is not complete in step **506**, a
25 determination is made as to whether a database is ambiguous (step **508**). If a database in the statement is ambiguous, the process generates a database selection interface (step **510**), populates the statement based on user input (step **512**) and returns to step **506** to
30 determine whether the statement is complete.

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If the database is not ambiguous in step **508**, a determination is made as to whether a table is ambiguous (step **514**). If a table is ambiguous, the process generates a table selection interface (step **516**) and
5 continues to step **512** to populate the statement based on user input. Thereafter, the process returns to step **506** to determine whether the statement is complete.

If a table is not ambiguous in step **514**, a determination is made as to whether column information is
10 ambiguous in the statement (step **518**). If column information is ambiguous, the process generates a column selection, insertion, value set, and/or search condition interface (step **520**) and continues to step **512** to populate the statement based on user input. Thereafter,
15 the process returns to step **506** to determine whether the statement is complete.

If column information is not ambiguous in step **518**, the process generates other interfaces with context sensitive assistance to complete the statement (step **522**)
20 and continues to step **512** to populate the statement based on user input. Thereafter, the process returns to step **506** to determine whether the statement is complete.

With reference now to **Figure 6**, a flowchart illustrating the operation of a database information
25 update mechanism in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. The process begins and considers the first database connection (step **602**). Then, the process connects to the database (step **604**) and a determination is made as to whether the data model for
30 the database has changed (step **606**).

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If the database data model has changed, the process updates the locally stored database data model (step 608) and a determination is made as to whether the database connection is the last connection in the project (step 5 610). If the database connection is the last connection, the process ends.

If, however, the database connection is not the last connection in the project in step 610, the process considers the next database connection (step 612) and 10 returns to step 604 to connect to the next database. Returning to step 606, if the data model has not changed, the process continues to step 610 to determine whether the database connection is the last connection in the project.

15 Thus, the present invention solves the disadvantages of the prior art by providing a context sensitive database connectivity assistance tool in an integrated development environment. The user provides database information for each connection to be used in a project. 20 The database information may include schema name, database name, username, password, port number, etc. When a user is coding a database related statement, such as a structured query language statement, the user may highlight a table name and access the database 25 connectivity assistance tool. If there is a plurality of databases being used, the database connectivity assistance tool determines whether the table is specified ambiguously. If the table exists in more than one of the pre-specified database connections, then the assistance 30 tool prompts the user to specify to which database or

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table the statement is referring. Once the database and table are identified, the user may choose from a list of available column names to complete the database related statement. Metadata may also be provided to the user for
5 the type of column. The user may also set values and conditions for columns in database related statements.

It is important to note that while the present invention has been described in the context of a fully functioning data processing system, those of ordinary
10 skill in the art will appreciate that the processes of the present invention are capable of being distributed in the form of a computer readable medium of instructions and a variety of forms and that the present invention applies equally regardless of the particular type of
15 signal bearing media actually used to carry out the distribution. Examples of computer readable media include recordable-type media, such as a floppy disk, a hard disk drive, a RAM, CD-ROMs, DVD-ROMs, and transmission-type media, such as digital and analog
20 communications links, wired or wireless communications links using transmission forms, such as, for example, radio frequency and light wave transmissions. The computer readable media may take the form of coded formats that are decoded for actual use in a particular
25 data processing system.

The description of the present invention has been presented for purposes of illustration and description, and is not intended to be exhaustive or limited to the invention in the form disclosed. Many modifications and
30 variations will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in

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the art. The embodiment was chosen and described in order to best explain the principles of the invention, the practical application, and to enable others of ordinary skill in the art to understand the invention for
5 various embodiments with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated.